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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/581,459	07/27/2000	STEPHAN SCHMITZ	10191/1452	7359
26646 7590 01/11/2008 KENYON & KENYON LLP ONE BROADWAY			EXAM	INER
			LIPMAN, JACOB	
NEW YORK, NY 10004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2134	
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			01/11/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/581,459	SCHMITZ ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jacob Lipman	2134	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Description of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1, after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN .136(a). In no event, however, may d will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo te, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 (2a) This action is FINAL 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal ma		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 10,11 and 14-18 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrates 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 10,11 and 14-18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers	•		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination.	cepted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyont on the drawing of the draw	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ats have been received. ats have been received in brity documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application 	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 10, 11, and 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The limitation of "during normal operation" was not found in the original specification. Applicant did not supply any location that the new amendment is disclosed.
- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 10, 11, and 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. The term "normal" in claim 10 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "normal" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 10, 11, and 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Abraham et al., US Patent number 5,745,576 in view of Kousa, US Patent number 4,797,672.

With regard to claim 10, Abraham discloses a base station (controller) including a computer (column 12 lines 13-47) that transmits a prompt (column 9 lines 56-61, column 10 lines 56-59), and a remote control device (terminal, column 1 lines 13-15) which stores the prompt (column 9 lines 21-24, column 10 lines 60-62), and transmits a code word as a reply (column 9 lines 24-30, column 10 lines 63-64) that is partially a function of the prompt (column 9 lines 24-26, column 10 lines 64-65), the base station receives the reply and compares it with the required reply (column 10 lines 66-67), and grants access accordingly (column 11 lines 1-3). Abraham does not disclose that an initial stored prompt from a successful prompt/reply cycle is used to encrypt the authorization information. Kousa discloses that often an encrypted exchange will be preceded by a key exchange to create a session key to use in further authentications (column 2 lines 3-10). It is further added that the examiner takes official notice that key exchange to begin a session is well known in the art. It would have been obvious for

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one of ordinary skill in the art to use key exchange preceding Abraham to prevent eavesdropping. With regard to the base computer erasing the session key after a number of failed attempts, Abraham does not mention abandoning the process after a specific number of failed attempts. The examiner takes official notice that it is well known in the art to check failed attempts to connect, and to abandon an access process after a predetermined number of failures. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to use this check in Abraham's system to avoid eternal loops, and to increase security against hacking. Support for this can be seen in See et al., USPN 6,070,243. See discloses terminating a session with a user after a predetermined number of failed login attempts (column 11 lines 15-38). Further Schneier discloses that session keys are erased when a session is ended (page 180, paragraph beginning "some").

With regard to claim 11, Abraham discloses the response is a function of the terminal's serial number (column 9 lines 24-28).

With regard to claim 12, Abraham discloses the challenge is stored in the base system (column 9 lines 56-59).

With regard to claim 14, Abraham discloses the reply includes a transaction count (column 9 lines 24-26), which is tracked (column 10 lines 22-24).

With regard to claim 15, Abraham discloses the count is changed (column 31-35).

With regard to claim 16, Abraham discloses the counter code has been previously transmitted to the base station (column 9 lines 42-46).

With regard to claim 17, Abraham discloses the counter code is encrypted (column 9 lines 24-26).

With regard to claim 18, Abraham discloses the system of claim 10, as outlined above, but does not mention wireless communication or frequencies. The examiner takes official notice that it is well known in the art to have different wireless device working on different frequencies. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to us Abraham's system in a wireless environment with different frequencies to avoid interference and allow mobility.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 31 October 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With regard to applicant's argument that Abraham only discusses the initialization procedure, and not normal system operation, the examiner points out that initialization is a normal system operation.

With regard to applicant's argument that there is no motivation to further encrypt communication in Abraham since the key is secret, The examiner points out that communicating using the same key repetitively leaves the key more open to an eavesdropper to reverse engineer. Thus there is motivation to use session keys that are different and temporary to protect the key and all other information.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacob Lipman whose telephone number is 571-272-3837. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Fr.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kambiz Zand can be reached on 571-272-3811. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JL JL

KAMBIZ ZANU CURERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER